

V Semester B.Sc. Examination, November/December 2015 (OS) (Prior to 2013-14) CHEMISTRY – VI Physical Chemistry

Time: 3 Hours

Max. Marks: 60

Instructions: i) The question paper has two Parts.

ii) Answer both the Parts.

PART - A PAR

Answer any six of the following questions. Each question carries two marks.

 $(6 \times 2 = 12)$

- 1. How does Specific conductance vary with dilution and temperature
- 2. Mention the advantages of potentiometric titrations.
- 3. Define solubility product.
- 4. What is Liquid Junction potential? How it is eliminated?
- 5. Write Biological Applications of Buffer solutions.
- 6. What is chemiluminescence?
- 7. What is salt bridge? What is its function in galvanic cells?
- 8. Write Clausius Mossoti equation.
- 9. Explain the term Magnetic susceptibility.
- 10. State Born-Oppenheimer approximation.



PART-B

Answer any eight of the following questions. Each question carries six marks.

(8×6=4

11. a) Define:

- a) Electrophoretic effect
- b) Asymmetric effect.
- b) What are the factors that favours the degree of dissociation?
- 12. a) What are conductometric titrations? Explain the conductometric titrations between Strong Acid and Strong Base.
 - b) What are concentration cells?
- 13. a) How do you determine the pH of a solution using glass electrode?
 - b) Give two limitations of quinhydrone electrode.
- 14. a) What is meant by hydrolysis of salts? Derive the expression for pH of the salt solution obtained by mixing Strong Acid and Weak Base.
 - b) Explain Common-ion effect with example.
- 15. a) Derive Nernst equation for single electrode potential.
 - b) Calculate molar conductance of NH₄OH at infinite dilution. Given ; Λ_{∞} NH₄Cl Λ_{∞} (OH⁻) and Λ (Cl⁻) are 130×10⁻⁴, 174×10⁻⁴ and 66×10⁻⁴ Sm²/mol respectively.
 - 16. a) Explain the terms Fluorescence and Phosphorescence with examples.
 - b) State Beer-Lambert's law.
 - 17. a) Derive the expression used to calculate pH of an acidic Buffer solution.
 - b) What is the effect of temperature on degree of hydrolysis?



- 18. a) What is dipole moment? Write the different applications of dipole moment.
 - b) What is zero-point energy?

(4+2)

- a) State Hooke's law. Derive the expression for the frequency of simple hormonic oscillator.
 - b) What are paramagnetic substances?

(4+2)

- 20. a) Explain Stoke's and Antistoke's law in Raman Spectra.
 - b) State Franck-Condon Principle.

(4+2)

- 21. a) State two laws of photochemistry.
 - b) What are chemical sensors?

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- 22. a) Explain the steps involved in the process of dimerisation of Anthracene.
 - b) What is meant by photostationary equilibrium?

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